Survey # F-4-125

Frostown Road

Street Address: From Dahlgren Road to Michael Road

Town, State: Middletown vicinity, MD

private ___, public X

This property is included in the survey of resources associated with the Civil War Battle of South Mountain, which occurred on September 14, 1862. The Frostown Road leads from the intersection with Dahlgren Road at the base of the eastern face of South Mountain to the crest of the mountain at Michael Road. Originally a farm lane which ran through the Main Farm (Bond Map of Frederick County, 1858), the road was mistakenly named Frostown Road when Frederick County took over responsibility for the maintenance of the road. Frostown Road was the most northern route the Union forces used in an attempt to flank General D.H. Hill's Confederate defense of Turner's Gap in the Battle of South Mountain. At the intersection with Dahlgren Road, Frostown Road is a 1 1/2 lane paved road. It runs due north from the intersection for approximately 300 feet, then abruptly turns west and continues up the mountain. A short distance beyond the sharp turn, Frostown Road continues as a one lane gravel road until it intersects with Michael Road. Frostown Road road is significant for its direct and is approximately $1 \frac{1}{2}$ miles in length. The primary role in the Battle of South Mountain. The road was strategic to both the Confederate defense of Turners Gap and to the Union attempt to occupy the gap. Beyond the to the west the Confederate Army of Northern Virginia was divided and vulnerable to Union attack. It was therefore crucial for the Confederates to prevent the Union army from crossing the mountain until the Confederate army could reunite. The battle for the Turners Gap pass at Frostown Road was waged by the lone Alabama Brigade of Brigadier General Robert Rodes against the formidable Union Third Division, I Corps, under the command of Brigadier General George G. Meade.

Photo Reference: Photo #

Form Prepared By: Paula S. Reed, PhD and Edith B. Wallace

Woodward-Clyde

200 Orchard Ridge Drive Gaithersburg, MD 20878

Date: February, 1998

Maryland Historical Trust State Historic Sites Inventory Form

Survey No. F-4-125
Magi No.

DOE ___ yes ___ no

1. Name of Property (indicate preferred name)	
historic	
and/or common Frostown Road	
2. Location	
street & number From Frostown to Michael Road	not for publication
city, town Middletown X vicinity of	congressional district 6
state Maryland county	Frederick
3. Classification	
Category Ownership Status district) public cocupied building(s) private unoccupied structure both work in progress site Public Acquisition Accessible object in process yes: restricted being considered yes: unrestricted not applicable no	Present Use agriculture museum commercial park educational private residence entertainment religious government scientific industrial x transportation military other:
1. Owner of Property (give names and mailing addres	ses of <u>all</u> owners)
name Frederick County Roads Department	
street & number	telephone no.:
city, town Frederick, state	and zip code Maryland
5. Location of Legal Description	
courthouse, registry of deeds, etc. Frederick County Courth	ouse Liber
street & number 100 West Patrick Street	Folio
city, town Frederick	state MD
6. Representation in Existing Historical Surveys	
title National Register Nomination Form, South Moun	tain Battlefields F-4-17, A,B,C
date February, 1986	federal state county local
depository for survey records Maryland Historical Trust	
city, town Crownsville	state MD

7. Description	•	Survey No. F-4-125
Condition excellent deteriorated X good ruins fair unexposed	Check one unaltered x altered	Check one X original site moved date of move

Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

The Frostown Road leads from the intersection with Dahlgren Road at the base of the eastern face of South Mountain to the crest of the mountain at Michael Road. Originally a farm lane which ran through the Main Farm (Bond Map of Frederick County, 1858), the road was mistakenly named Frostown Road when Frederick County took over responsibility for the maintenance of the road. Frostown Road was the most northern route the Union forces used in an attempt to flank General D.H. Hill's Confederate defense of Turner's Gap in the Battle of South Mountain.

At the intersection with Dahlgren Road, Frostown Road is a 1 1/2 lane paved road. It runs due north from the intersection for approximately 300 feet, then abruptly turns west and continues up the mountain. A short distance beyond the sharp turn, Frostown Road continues as a one lane gravel road until it intersects with Michael Road. Frostown Road is approximately 1 1/2 miles in length.

o. Significa	liice		Carrey ric.	
Period prehistoric 1400-1499 1500-1599 1600-1699 1700-1799X 1800-1899 1900-	Areas of Significance	Check and justify below community planning conservation economics education engineering exploration/settlement industry invention	landscape architecture law literature x military music philosophy politics/government	religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other(specify)
Specific dates		Builder/Architect		
• •		B C D B C D state local	E F _	G

Supply No. E-4-125

Prepare both a summary paragraph of significance and a general statement of history and support.

Cianificance

Frostown Road is significant for its role in the Civil War Battle of South Mountain. The road was strategic to both the Confederate defense of Turners Gap and to the Union attempt to occupy the gap. Beyond the gap to the west the Confederate Army of Northern Virginia was divided and vulnerable to Union attack. It was therefore crucial for the Confederates to prevent the Union army from crossing the mountain until the Confederate army could reunite.

Frostown Road approaches the crest of South Mountain approximately one mile to the north of Turner's Gap. The potential for this road to be used by the Federals to flank the Confederate defense on the extreme left was recognized by the commanders of both armies. The battle for the Turners Gap pass at Frostown Road was waged by the lone Alabama Brigade of Brigadier General Robert Rodes against the formidable Union Third Division, I Corps, under the command of Brigadier General George G. Meade.

On the afternoon of September 14, 1862, General Joseph Hooker's I Corps of the Army of the Potomac, had finally arrived in the fields below South Mountain. Commanding General George B. McClellan's plan to flank the Confederate defenders of the mountain passes on the left and the right directed the I Corps to the right down the Old Hagerstown Road (now Mt. Tabor Rd) to the hamlet of Frostown. Directly ahead lay a steeply sided ravine. Running along the ridge on the right side of the ravine was the Frostown Rd., on the ridge to the left was the Old Hagerstown Rd., both roads intersecting at Frostown. General Meade's Division was deployed to the right, Hatch's Division to the left. General Meade stated, "Over this second ridge there was a road [Frostown Rd.], along which I advanced Seymour's brigade of the division..." Brigadier General Truman Seymour reported, "On a prominent hill on his extreme left, and on our right of the road...the rebels had posted a regiment, the Sixth Alabama."

Confederate General D.H. Hill's response to the build-up of forces at the base of the mountain was critical. When Brigadier General Rodes' Alabama

¹Stephen W. Sears, Landscape Turned Red, New York: Ticknor and Fields, 1983. p. 136.

²Jay Luvaas, and Harold W. Nelson, eds., **The US Army War College Guide to the Battle of Antietam, The Maryland Campaign of 1862,** Washington: Harper Collins, 1987, p.67, from O.R., Vol XIX, Part I, pp.267-68.

³war College Guide, p.69, from O.R., Vol XIX, Part I, p.272.

Maryland Historical Trust State Historic Sites Inventory Form

Survey No. F-4-125

Magi No.

DOE ___ yes ___ no

Section Number 8 Page 2

brigades finally arrived as reinforcements, they were immediately sent to the extreme left to "protect the flank." General Rodes wrote, "The whole brigade was moved to that hill [the Frostown Road ridge], crossing, in doing so, a deep gorge which separated the hills...I had, immediately after my arrival on the extreme left, discovered that the hill there was accessible to artillery, and that a good road [Frostown Road], passing by the left of said hill from the enemy's line, continued immediately in my rear and entered the main road about half a mile west of the gap." Seymour's brigade came upon Rodes' brigade from the left, the whole of Meade's Division forcing Rodes' men farther into and up the rear of the ravine. While Seymour had gained the Frostown Road, however, Rodes and the remaining Confederate forces continued to hold the high ground into the night.

⁴James V. Murfin, **The Gleam of Bayonets**, New York: Thomas Yoseloff, 1965, p. 180.

⁵War College Guide, p.61, from O.R., Vol XIX, Part I, pp.1034-36.

⁶Murfin, p.181.

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Survey No. F-4-135

Magi No.

DOE ____ yes ___ no

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HISTORICAL CONTEXT:

MARYLAND COMPREHENSIVE PRESERVATION PLAN DATA

Geographic Organization: Piedmont

Chronological/Developmental Period(s):

Agricultural-Industrial Transition, 1815-1870

Prehistoric/Historic Period Theme(s):

Military

Resource Type:

Category: Structure

Historic Environment: Rural

Historic Function(s) and Use(s):

Transportation, Road

Known Design Source: None

- Luvaas, Jay and Harold W. Nelson eds., <u>The U.S. Army War College Guide to the Battle of Antietam</u>, <u>The Maryland Campaign of 1862</u>, Harper Collins Publishers, Washington, 1987.
- Murfin, James V., <u>The Gleam of Bayonets</u>, <u>The Battle of Antietam and Robert E. Lee's Maryland Campaign, September 1862</u>, Thomas Yoseloff, New York, 1965.
- Roth, Dave, "The General's Tour of South Mountain", Blue & Gray Magazine, Dec-Jan, 1986-87.
- Schildt, John W., The Ninth Corps, At Antietam, Chewsville, Maryland, 1988.
- Sears, Stephen W., "Fire On The Mountain, The Battle of South Mountain September 14, 1862", Blue & Gray Magazine, Dec-Jan, 1986-87.
- Sears, Stephen W., <u>Landscape Turned Red</u>, <u>The Battle of Antietam</u>, <u>Ticknor and Fields</u>, <u>New York</u>, 1983.
- Swinton, William, Army of the Potomac, Smithmark Publisher, New York, 1995.
- U.S. War Department, The War of Rebellion: A Compilation of the Official Records of the Union and Confederate Armies, Series I, Vol XIX, Parts I and II, Government Printing Office, Washington, 1880-1901.

Manuscripts

Frye, Dennis, National Register Nomination Form, South Mountain Battlefields F-4-17-A,B,C, 1986.

Maps

ond Map, 1858. Maryland Room, Frederick Co. Public Library

Engineers Maps, 1862, National Register Nomination, South Mountain Battlefields F-4-17-A,B,C, 1986.

Macombe Map, 1861.

The Official Military Atlas of the Civil War, Plate 27, Gramercy Books, New York, 1983.

10. Geographical Data

Acreage of nominated property <u>Approximately 8</u>	
Quadrangle name <u>Middletown</u>	Quadrangle scale 1:24,000
UTM References DO NOT COMPLETE UTM REFERENCES	
A Zone Easting Northing	B Zone Easting Northing
c l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l	
E IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	F Lilling
G	н

Verbal boundary description and justification

The surveyed resource includes the Frostown Road for its length from Dahlgren Road to Michael Road, a distance of approximately 1 1/2 miles. The road is important as an approach and defensive route at the extreme north edge of the Battle of South Mountain.

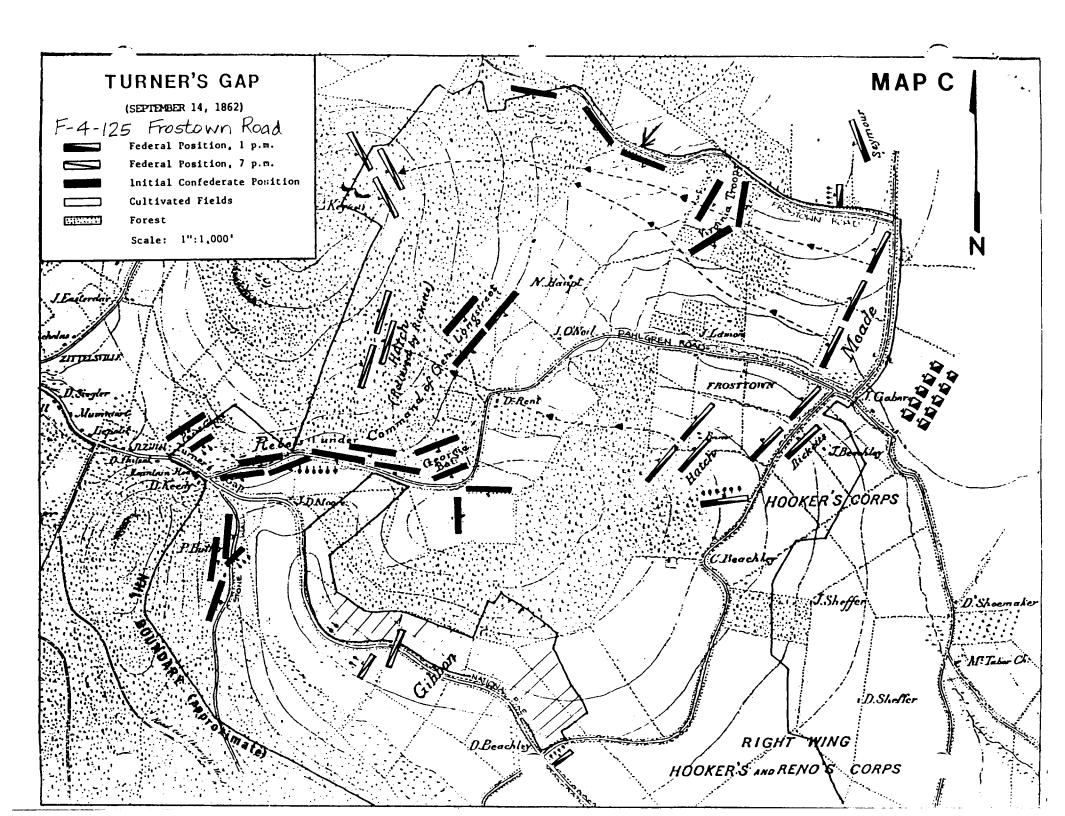
List all states and counties for properties overlapping state or county boundaries				
state	code	county	code	
state	code	county	code	
11. Form Prepared By				
name/title Paula S. Reed, Ph	D, and Edith	B. Wallace		
organization Woodward-Clyde			date 2/98	
street & number 200 Orchard R	idge Drive		telephone 301-739-2070	
city or town Gaithersburg			state MD 20878	

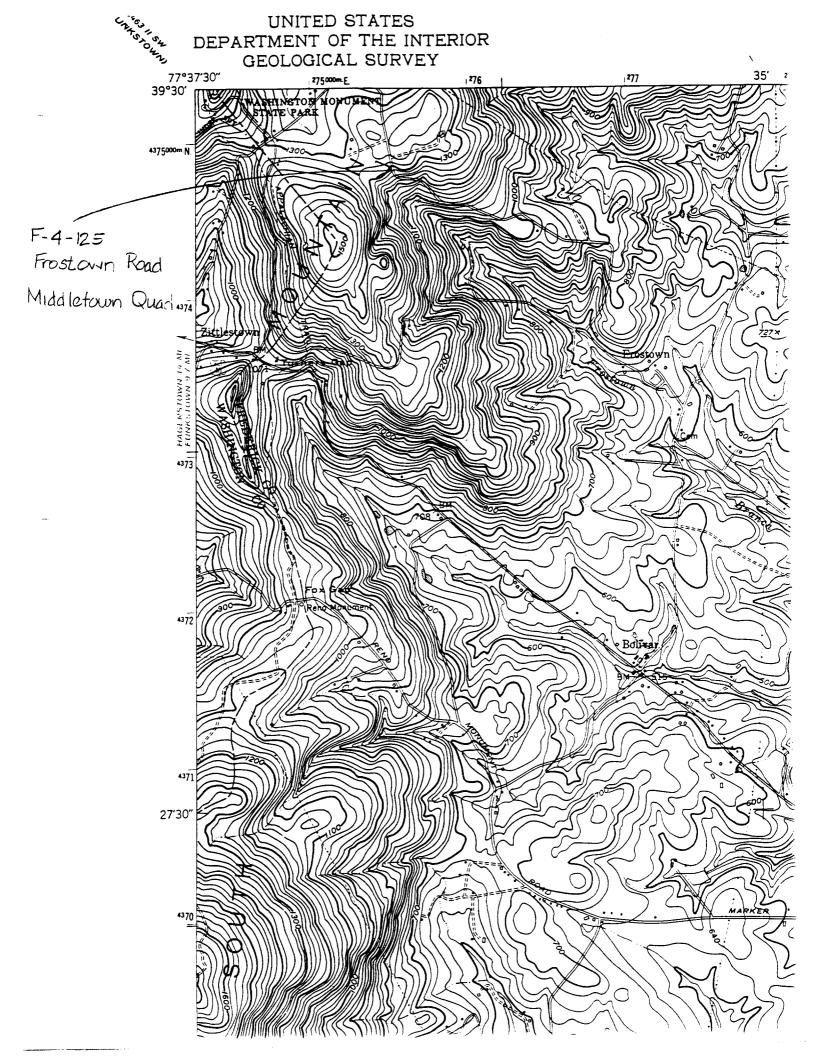
The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

retum to:

Maryland Historical Trust People's Resource Center 100 Community Place Crownsville, MD 21032-2023 410-514-7000







-----F=4-125 Frostown Rd. Frederick Co Maryland Eduth B. Wallace 4 NORMBER 1997 Mary and SHPO 113



F-4-125 Stonewall Frostown Rd Frederick Co., Maryland Eduth B Wallow Mary and SHPO View northwest from Frostown Rd Stonewall at farm lane entrance, meaning 2/3



Frestown Rd. viewslad
Frederick W., Maryland
Eduth B Wallace
13 November 137
Moryland SHRU
view sind boling east
3/3